Discrete Mathematics Seminar

Time:	Friday, 29 October 2010, 12:30–1:30 PM
Location:	238 Derrick Hall
Title:	Domination in Functigraphs
Speaker:	Dr. Cong Kang, Department of General Academics, Texas A&M University at Galveston

Abstract:

Let G_1 and G_2 be disjoint copies of a graph G, and let $f: V(G_1) \to V(G_2)$ be a function. Then, a functigraph C(G, f) = (V, E) has the vertex set $V = V(G_1) \cup V(G_2)$ and the edge set $E = E(G_1) \cup E(G_2) \cup \{uv : u \in V(G_1), v \in V(G_2), v = f(u)\}$. A functigraph is a generalization of a permutation graph in the sense of Chartrand and Harary.

A set $D \subseteq V(G)$ is a *dominating set* of G if every vertex not in D is adjacent to at least one vertex in D. The minimum cardinality of a dominating set of G is called the *domination* number of G and is denoted by $\gamma(G)$.

It's readily seen that $\gamma(G) \leq \gamma(C(G, f)) \leq 2\gamma(G)$. We investigate for graphs generally, and for cycles in great detail, the functions which achieve the upper and lower bounds, as well as the realization of the intermediate values.

 \diamond This is a joint work with L. Eroh, R. Gera, C. Larson, and E. Yi.

Bio:

After earning a B.S. in mathematics from Carnegie Mellon University in 1992, Cong X. Kang entered the University of Texas at Austin as a graduate student in physics in the Fall of 1992 and transferred to the mathematics department in the Fall of 1993. He earned a Ph.D. in mathematics (algebraic geometry, advised by J. Felipe Voloch) from U.T. Austin in Spring/Summer of 1999.

After a few years of wandering through American University, The University of Texas of the Permian Basin, and Daemen College, he settled by the Gulf shores at Texas A&M University at Galveston as a Lecturer in Mathematics in the Fall of 2004, where he is currently (Fall of 2010) an Assistant Professor in Mathematics.